VETERINARY GENERAL PATHOLOGY AND PATHOPHYSIOLOGY OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS (5 CREDITS) 60 hours: 50 theoretical and 10 (x4) practical work)

Course Objectives: At the end of the course the student acquires knowledge about changes in the homeostasis of the organism and pathogenic mechanisms leading to the onset of alterations. The theoretical learning is supported on a practical basis by the observation of histopathological lesions.

LECTURES

Topics and acquired skills	Topics	Specific content	Hrs
1. CELLULAR ADAPTATION,	Atrophy	Atrophy types (numeric, degenerative etc)	1
CELL INJURY AND		Cellular swelling	1/2
CELL DEATH (TOT. 14 HRS)		Protein accumulation	1
		Lipid accumulation	2
		Mucopolysaccaridosis	1
	Necrosis and apoptosis	Causes and Classification of necrotic lesions	3
		Apoptosis. Causes and morphology. Intrinsic and extrinsic apoptosis. Role of apoptosis in disease.	2
	Hypertrophy and hyperplasia	Causes of the increase in volume and number of cells in a tissue	1/2
	Calcification and pigments	Idiopathic ectopic calcification, dystrophic and metastatic calcifications. Esogenous and endogenous pigments: Lipofuscin, ceroid, melanin and hemosiderin. Anthracosis. Jaundice	3
	Hyperemia	Acute local active hyperemia. Acute local passive hyperemia. Chronic local passive hyperemia. Chronic generalized passive hyperemia. Aspect of hyperemia	1/2

2. DISTURBANCES OF BLOOD FLOW AND	Hemorrhage	Causes, pathogenesis, classification and resolution of hemorrhages	2
CIRCULATION (12	Edema	Pathophysiology and classification of edema.	1
HRS)	Ischemia and infarction	Etiopathogenesis of ischemic lesions	1
	Thrombosis	Etiopathogenesis of thrombosis. Types and localization of thrombi and their evolution.	2
	Embolism	Etiopathogenesis of embolism. Types of embolis.	1
	Lymphatic disturbances	Lymphedema and lymphangectasis	1/2
	Shock	Shock etiopathogenesis. Types and Stages of shock.	2
	Anemie	Hemolitic anemias, blood loss and impaired red cell production	2
3. CONNECTIVE	Metabolic conditions	Aging, dermatosparaxis, cutaneous asthenia.	1/2
TISSUE ALTERATIONS (TOT. 3 HRS)	Extracellular hyaline and Fibrinoid necrosis	Etiopathogenesis of extracellular hyaline and fibrinoid necrosis. Differential criteria	1+1/2
	Amyloidosis	Etiopathogenesis of amyloidosis	1
4. INFLAMMATION (TOT. 7 HRS)	Inflammation in general	Nomenclature of inflammatory reactions. Severity, duration and distribution of inflammatory lesions	1
	Acute inflammation	Pathogenesis of acute inflammation. Types of inflammatory exudates	2
	Chronic inflammation	Chronic inflammation	1
		Granulomas	2

5. HEALING AND REPAIR (TOT. 1 HR)	Tissue regeneration and repair. Fibrosis	Labile, stable and permanent cells. Healing by parenchymal regeneration and by connective tissue replacement. Hepatic, pulmonary and renal fibrosis.	1
6. RENAL PATHOPHYSIOLO GY (TOT.5 HRS)	Acute kidney failure	Etiopathogenesis of conditions affecting tubules and interstitium, and glomerular diseases. Urinary tract obstruction	3
	Chronic renal failure and renal syndromes	Etiopathogenesis of chronic renal diseases and renal syndromes	2
7.DIGESTIVE SYSTEM PATHOPHYSIOLO GY (TOT. 4 HRS)	Maldigestion/malabsorption syndrome	Etiopathogenesis of maldigestion/malabsorption syndrome	1
	Etiopathogenesis of diarrhea	Osmotic, secretory and inflammatory diarrhea. Enterocolic syndrome	1
	Hepatic failure	Etiopathogenesis of hepatic alterations, hepatic encephalopathy, hepatorenal and hepato-cutaneous syndrome.	2
8. PATHOPHYSIOLO GY OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM (TOT. 3 HRS)	Pulmonary failure: defects of the respiratory membrane	Etiopathogenesis of respiratory membrane defects (alveolar, interstitial and vascular alterations)	1
	Pulmonary failure: ventilation deficit	Etiopathogenesis of pulmonary and extrapulmonary conditions	1
	Pulmonary failure: oxygen defects due to blood transport	Etiopathogenesis of cardiocirculatory disorders. Hemoglobin defects.	1
9. PATHOPHYSIOLO GY OF THE HEART (TOT. 2 HRS)	Etiopathogenesis of the cardiac failure	Systolic and diastolic dysfunction	2

10. PATHOPHYSIOLOGY OF THERMOREGULATION (TOT. 2 HRS)	Active and passive hyperthermia	Active and passive hyperthermia.	3		
11. ACID-BASE BALANCE	Outlines	Examples of acid and base disturbances	1		
Practical work					
Topics and acquired skills	Topics	Specific contents	Hrs		
ABILITY TO OBSERVE, DEDUCT AND ASSESS (тот. 10 HRS)	THE TOPICS ARE THE SAME AS THOSE OF THE THEORETICAL PART	Vision of histological slides for all of the pathological processes related to the topics covered during the course. Kahoot for self-evaluation.			